| Physics 09-02 Magnetic Force on a Moving Charge N  | ame:   |
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| Force on a Moving Charge   |  |
| <ul> <li>Since currents (moving charges) make, then other B-fields apply a, charges.</li> <li>For a moving charge to experience a</li> </ul>   | to   |
| <ul> <li>Charge must be</li> <li>The vector of the charge must have a</li> <li><i>F</i> = qvB sin θ</li> <li>Where F = force, q = charge, v = speed of charge, B = magnetic field, θ = angle b</li> </ul>  |  |
| Direction of force on positive moving charge   | F  |
| Right Hand Rule         • Fingers point in direction of         • Thumb in direction of         • Palm faces direction of         • Force will be         if v and B are parallel, so a moving charge will be unaffected         Motion of moving charged particle in uniform B-field         • $r = \frac{mv}{qB}$ A particle with a charge of $-1.6 \times 10^{-19}$ C and mass $9.11 \times 10^{-31}$ kg moves along the positive x axis from left to right. It enters a 3 T B-field is in the x-y plane and points at 45° above the positive x-axis.         What is the direction of the force on the particle? | RHR-1<br>Right<br>hand<br>v<br>v<br>B (into paper)<br>x<br>F<br>x<br>F<br>x<br>x<br>F<br>x<br>x<br>x<br>x<br>x<br>x<br>x<br>x<br>x<br>x<br>x<br>x<br>x |
| After it has been in the B-field, the particle moves in a circle. If the radius of its path is $2 \times 10^{-10}$ m, what is the speed of the particle?   | R. H.  |
| What is the magnitude of the force on the particle?  |  |

## Physics 09-02 Magnetic Force on a Moving Charge N Practice Work

- 1. If a charged particle moves in a straight line through some region of space, can you say that the magnetic field in that region is necessarily zero?
- 2. How can the motion of a charged particle be used to distinguish between a magnetic and an electric field?
- 3. What are the signs of the charges on the particles in Figure 1?
- 4. Which of the particles in Figure 2 has the greatest velocity, assuming they have identical charges and masses?
- 5. Which of the particles in Figure 2 has the greatest mass, assuming all have identical charges and velocities?
- 6. What is the direction of the magnetic force on a positive charge that moves as shown in each of the six cases shown in Figure 3? (OpenStax 22.1) **left, into, up, no, right, down**
- 7. Repeat Exercise 7 for a negative charge. (OpenStax 22.2) right, out, down, no, left, up
- 8. What is the direction of the velocity of a negative charge that experiences the magnetic force shown in each of the three cases in Figure 4, assuming it moves perpendicular to *B*? (OpenStax 22.3) **right, into, down**
- 9. Repeat Exercise 9 for a positive charge. (OpenStax 22.4) left, out, up
- 10. What is the direction of the magnetic field that produces the magnetic force on a positive charge as shown in each of the three cases in the Figure 5, assuming *B* is perpendicular to *v*? (OpenStax 22.5) **into, left, out**
- 11. Repeat Exercise 11 for a negative charge. (OpenStax 22.6) out, right, into
- 12. What is the maximum force on an aluminum rod with a 0.100- $\mu$ C charge that you pass between the poles of a 1.50-T permanent magnet at a speed of 5.00 m/s? In what direction is the force? (OpenStax 22.7) **7**. **50** × **10**<sup>-7</sup>**N**, **L**
- Figure 2 • • Bout (b) (a) (c) B X Vol Vin в (d) (e) (f) Figure 3 (b) (c) (a) Figure 4 (a) (b) (c) **Figure 5**
- 13. (a) Aircraft sometimes acquire small static charges. Suppose a supersonic jet has a  $0.500 + \mu$ C charge and flies due west at a speed of 660 m/s over the Earth's south magnetic pole, where the  $8.00 \times 10^{-5}$ -T magnetic field points straight down. What are the direction and the magnitude of the magnetic force on the plane? (b) Discuss whether the value obtained in part (a) implies this is a significant or negligible effect. (OpenStax 22.8) **2**. **64** × **10<sup>-8</sup> N, south, negligible**
- 14. (a) A cosmic ray proton moving toward the Earth at  $5.00 \times 10^7$  m/s experiences a magnetic force of  $1.70 \times 10^{-16}$  N. What is the strength of the magnetic field if there is a 45° angle between it and the proton's velocity? (b) Is the value obtained in part (a) consistent with the known strength of the Earth's magnetic field on its surface? Discuss. (OpenStax 22.9) **3.01** × **10**<sup>-5</sup> **T**, **yes**
- 15. A cosmic ray electron moves at  $7.50 \times 10^6$  m/s perpendicular to the Earth's magnetic field at an altitude where field strength is  $1.00 \times 10^{-5}$  T. What is the radius of the circular path the electron follows? (OpenStax 22.12) **4.27 m**
- 16. A proton moves at  $7.50 \times 10^7$  m/s perpendicular to a magnetic field. The field causes the proton to travel in a circular path of radius 0.800 m. What is the field strength? (OpenStax 22.13) **0.979 T**
- 17. (a) Viewers of Star Trek hear of an antimatter drive on the Starship Enterprise. One possibility for such a futuristic energy source is to store antimatter charged particles in a vacuum chamber, circulating in a magnetic field, and then extract them as needed. Antimatter annihilates with normal matter, producing pure energy. What strength magnetic field is needed to hold antiprotons, moving at 5.00 × 10<sup>7</sup> m/s in a circular path 2.00 m in radius? Antiprotons have the same mass as protons but the opposite (negative) charge. (b) Is this field strength obtainable with today's technology or is it a futuristic possibility? (OpenStax 22.14) 0.261 T, yes
- 18. (a) An oxygen-16 ion with a mass of  $2.66 \times 10^{-26}$  kg travels at  $5.00 \times 10^6$  m/s perpendicular to a 1.20-T magnetic field, which makes it move in a circular arc with a 0.231-m radius. What positive charge is on the ion? (b) What is the ratio of this charge to the charge of an electron? (c) Discuss why the ratio found in (b) should be an integer. (OpenStax 22.15) **4.80** × **10<sup>-19</sup> C**, **3**

## Name:

Xá

Figure 1

X

b X

X Bin

Bout